Brazos County Emergency Services District #2

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 Kurten, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the District, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Ingram, Wallis + Company, P.C.

Bryan, Texas November 22, 2024

DISTRICT PROFILE

Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 (the "District") was created after a public election held in 1987 under the provision of Section 48-d of Article III of the Constitution of Texas and the Texas Safety and Health Code, Chapter 794. The District was established to provide fire protection services to residents of the District.

Five persons are appointed by the County Judge and Brazos County Commissioners Court as Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 Commissioners for two-year terms with a three-and two-person rotation. They function as a board with regularly scheduled meetings every second Tuesday of the month as stated by an agenda posted at the county courthouse. The District maintains 894 N. FM 2038 Kurten, Texas 77862 as a working address.

The District operates three bank accounts and has two primary sources of revenue, namely property taxes and sales tax. The major expense of the District is payroll. The District had four outstanding loans during fiscal year 2024.

The Brazos County Tax Assessor Office computes the tax information and notifies the District of the legal requirements. The District, under current law, is limited to a maximum tax rate of \$0.03 per hundred dollars of taxable value. The commissioners set the effective tax rate of \$0.020990/100 for 2023 (for the year ended September 30, 2024). The adjusted taxable levy for Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 was \$238,319 for the calendar year 2023 tax roll.

Our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: (1) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Statement of Net Position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District's funds are Governmental type. Governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of

spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. Additional information such as accounting policies, capital asset activity, and notes payable activity is included in the notes to the financial statements.

On page 16 of this report, a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual is presented to demonstrate compliance with the annual appropriated budget.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2024, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,034,402.

DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

	2024	2023
Cash	\$ 1,241,898	\$ 1,074,659
Property tax receceivable	8,380	17,108
Prepaid insurance	39,972	10,095
Capital assets, net	1,169,372	1,039,631
Total Assets	2,459,622	 2,141,493
Current liabilities	146,234	132,901
Long-term debt (net of current)	278,986	398,349
Total Liabilities	425,220	531,250
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	767,538	523,011
Unrestricted	1,266,864	 1,087,232
Total Net Position	\$ 2,034,402	\$ 1,610,243

Analysis of the District's Operations - Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$424,159 from the prior year. The primary reason for this increase was due to a decrease in fire department operating expenses of \$154,801. Property tax revenue remained consistent with the prior year.

DISTRICT'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	2024	2023
Program revenues:		1¢
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 7,087	\$ -
Total program revenues	7,087	
General revenues:		
Property taxes and penalties	249,626	235,736
Sales tax	868,296	959,696
Interest income and other	143	522
Total general revenues	1,118,065	1,195,954
Total Revenues	1,125,152	1,195,954
Expenses:		
Fire department operating expenses	26,000	180,801
Administrative expenses	464,406	132,533
Depreciation expense	187,982	172,551
Debt service - interest expense	22,605	31,316
Total Expenses	700,993	517,201
Change in Net Position	424,159	678,753
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,610,243	931,490
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,034,402	\$ 1,610,243

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND

	 2024	2023		
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 1,241,898	\$	1,074,659	
Property tax receceivable	8,380		17,108	
Prepaid insurance	39,972		10,095	
Total Assets	\$ 1,290,250	\$	1,101,862	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 14,423	\$	5,250	
Accrued payroll	6,116		6,168	
Accrued pension and taxes	 2,847	-	3,212	
Total Liabilities	 23,386	_	14,630	
Deferred Infows of Resources:				
Unearned revenues - property taxes	 8,380		17,108	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 8,380		17,108	
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable	39,972		10,095	
Unassigned	 1,218,512	-	1,060,029	
Total Fund Balance	 1,258,484		1,070,124	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balance	\$ 1,290,250	\$	1,101,862	

Overall, the District had an increase in fund balance of \$188,360 from the prior year. As previously noted, the primary reason for this increase was due to a decrease in fire department operating expenses of \$154,801. Property tax revenue remained consistent with the prior year.

Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an annual budget in August prior to the budget year which begins in October the following fiscal year. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means to finance the budget.

Original budget compared to final budget. The original budget was amended to increase total budgeted revenues by \$214,771 and to increase total budgeted expenditures by \$7,492.

Final budget compared to actual revenues and expenditures. Total revenues were higher than budget by \$53,720 and total expenditures were lower than budget by \$20,878 to create a positive variance with the final budget of \$74,598.

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its operations as of September 30, 2024, amounts to \$1,169,372 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$129,741. This increase is comprised of capital asset additions of \$317,723, which is reduced by current year depreciation expense of \$187,982.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 14 of this report.

Long-term Obligations

As of September 30, 2024, the District had total long-term obligations of \$398,302. Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 15 of this report.

LOOKING AHEAD

The District's expenditure budget for 2025 increased to \$1,189,183 which is an increase of \$222,784 from the Approved Budget for 2024 in the amount of \$966,399. This increase is due mainly to personnel expenditures.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the residents of Brazos County and the District's creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives from property taxes and sales tax. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Brazos County Emergency Services District #2, 894 N. FM 2038 Kurten, Texas 77862, and make attention to the President of the Board of Commissioners.

Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet September 30, 2024

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position	
ASSETS				
Current assets Cash	\$ 1,241,898	\$ -	\$ 1,241,898	
Property tax receivable	8,380	-	8,380	
Prepaid insurance	39,972	-	39,972	
Total current assets	1,290,250		1,290,250	
Capital assets				
Construction in progress	-	19,100	19,100	
Trucks	=	1,934,418	1,934,418	
Equipment	-	495,534	495,534	
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,279,680)	(1,279,680)	
Net capital assets		1,169,372	1,169,372	
TOTAL ASSETS	1,290,250	1,169,372	2,459,622	
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	14,423	-	14,423	
Accrued payroll	6,116	-	6,116	
Accrued pension and taxes	2,847	-	2,847	
Accrued interest payable	-	3,532	3,532	
Current maturities of notes payable	<u>~</u>	119,316	119,316	
Total current liabilities	23,386	122,848	146,234	
Notes payable, net of current maturities		278,986	278,986	
Total non-current liabilities		278,986	278,986	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,386	401,834	425,220	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenues - property taxes	8,380	(8,380)	-	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,380	(8,380)		
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION				
Nonspendable	39,972	(39,972)	-	
Unassigned	1,218,512	(1,218,512)		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	1,258,484	(1,258,484)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,290,250			
Net investment in capital assets		767,538	767,538	
Unrestricted		1,266,864	1,266,864	
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 2,034,402	\$ 2,034,402	
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Brazos County Emergency Services District #2

Statement of Activities and

Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Gen	General Fund		justments	tement of activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES					
Current					
Adminstrative	\$	464,406	\$	-	\$ 464,406
Fire department operating		26,000		-	26,000
Depreciation		-		187,982	187,982
Capital outlay		317,723		(317,723)	-
Debt service:					
Principal		113,574		(113,574)	-
Interest		23,818	1-	(1,213)	 22,605
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES		945,521		(244,528)	 700,993
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Capital grants and contributions		7,087		-	7,087
TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES		7,087		-	7,087
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property taxes and penalties		258,355		(8,729)	249,626
Sales tax		868,296		-	868,296
Interest income and other		143		-	 143
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES		1,126,794		(8,729)	1,118,065
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		188,360		(188,360)	_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				424,159	424,159
FUND BALANCE /NET POSITION					
BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,070,124		540,119	 1,610,243
END OF YEAR	\$	1,258,484	\$	775,918	\$ 2,034,402

Note 1 – Creation of District

Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 (the "District") was created after a public election held in 1990 under the provision of Section 48-d of Article III of the Constitution of Texas and the Texas Safety and Health Code, Chapter 775. The District was established to provide fire protection services to residents of the District.

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for the state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

The financial statements of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that compromise its assets, liabilities, reserves, net assets, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The following fund types are used by the District:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. This fund includes all the available operating revenues and accumulates reserves for future operating activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies-Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements-Continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) reimbursements from the volunteer fire department, 2) contributions, 3) grants, 4) gains on sales of capital assets and 5) insurance recoveries. Taxes and other items properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Level Financial Statements

In the governmental funds financial statements, the governmental-type activities are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the amount of the transaction is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A 60-day period is used for recognition for all governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental fund of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

Capital Assets

As stated in the Texas Health and Safety Code, Title 9, Subtitle B, Chapter 775, Section 775.073 as of September 1, 2013, any property, including interest in property, purchased or leased using District funds, wholly or partly, must remain the property of the District, regardless of whether the property is used by a third party under a contract for services or otherwise, until the property is sold to a third party following the procedures under Section 263.003, 263.007, or 263.008.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies-Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. For the year ended September 30, 2024, the District has the following item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

• Unavailable revenues — The unavailable revenues which arise only under the modified accrual basis of accounting qualify for reporting in this category in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes of \$8,380 as of September 30, 2024.

Fund Balances

GASB Statement No.54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of GASB 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied. Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints placed on the use of these resources by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or constraints are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Commissioners).

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies-Continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on the use by either external parties or enabling legislation. It is the District's policy to expend restricted resources first and to use unrestricted resources when the restricted resources have been depleted.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

The carrying amounts of cash, property tax receivable, and current liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Note 3 – Deposits

The District is authorized by statute to maintain deposit accounts which are federally insured. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's bank deposits was \$1,241,898. Deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year end. Categories are as follows:

<u>Category 1</u> – Insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or its agency in the District's name.

<u>Category 2</u> – Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency in the District's name.

<u>Category 3</u> – Uncollateralized.

At September 30, 2024, all of the District's deposits were in Category 1.

Note 4 – Property Taxes

Property taxes are collected and remitted to the District by the Brazos County Tax Assessor Collector. Taxes are levied annually on October 1, and are due one half by November 30, and one half by June 30, or in full by January 31. Delinquent tax payments throughout the year are recognized in the year received.

Note 4 – Property Taxes-Continued

During the year ended September 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem tax at the rate of \$0.020990 per \$100 assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$238,319 on the taxable valuation of \$1,133,674,756 for the tax year.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original individual cost of \$2,500 or more are recorded at historical cost and contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date of the donation. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from five to ten years.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 19,100	\$ -	\$ 19,100	
Trucks	1,842,147	142,271	(50,000)	1,934,418	
Equipment	339,182	156,352	-	495,534	
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,141,698)	(187,982)	50,000	(1,279,680)	
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,039,631	\$ 129,741	\$ -	\$ 1,169,372	

Note 6 – Notes Payable

The following represents a summary of the notes payable as of September 30, 2024.

				Dι	ie Within			
Lender	Interest Rate		Amount	_0	ne Year	_	Maturity	Collateral
PNC Bank	4.630%	\$	244,826	\$	50,110		2/13/2029	Pumper Tank
First State Bank of Bedias	5.250%		42,441		13,430		2/15/2027	Truck
Spirit of Texas Bank	3.954%		19,634		19,634		3/15/2025	Tax Revenues
First State Bank of Bedias	6.000%	_	91,401		36,142		8/8/2032	Freightliner
Total outs	tanding principal		398,302	\$	119,316			
Less amount du	e within one year		(119,316)					
Notes payable, les	s current portion	\$	278,986					

Notes payable activity of the District for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	В	Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance
Notes Payable	\$	511,876	-	(113,574)	\$ 398,302

Note 6 - Notes Payable-Continued

The notes payable will be liquidated with the General Fund. Maturities by year are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
September 30,		Principal		Principal		nterest
2025	\$ 119,316		\$	17,971		
2026		104,976		11,900		
2027		86,706		6,675		
2028		57,530		3,053		
2029		29,774		518		
	\$	398,302	\$	40,117		

Note 7 – Risk Management

The District has insurable risks in various areas, including crime, auto, general liability, management liability and excess liability. During the year, the District obtained insurance against risks through a commercial carrier. Management believes the amount and types of coverage are adequate to protect the District from losses which could reasonably be expected to occur. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in the past year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 22, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Brazos County Emergency Services District #2 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	235,678	\$	239,643	\$	258,355	\$	18,712
Sales tax		629,712		840,000		868,296		28,296
Capital grants and contributions		-		=		7,087		7,087
Interest income and other	_	-		518		143		(375)
TOTAL REVENUES	-	865,390		1,080,161		1,133,881	_	53,720
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administrative		441,616		410,208		464,406		(54,198)
Fire department operating		180,000		50,000		26,000		24,000
Capital outlay		200,000		368,900		317,723		51,177
Debt service: Principal		127.201		127.001				
Interest		137,291		137,291		113,574		23,717
interest	_		-		-	23,818		(23,818)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		958,907		966,399		945,521	_	20,878
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(93,517)	\$	113,762		188,360	\$	74,598
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						1,070,124		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	1,258,484		